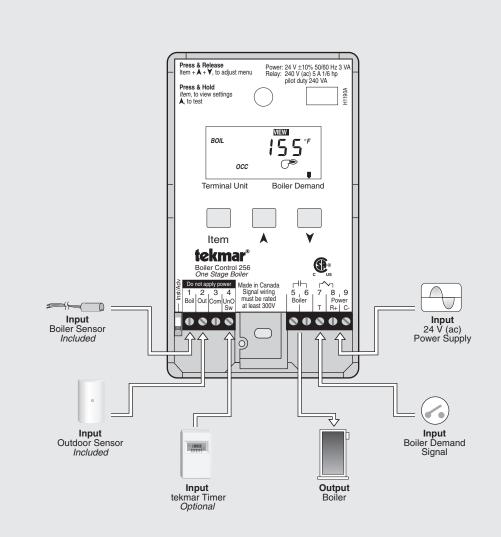
tekmar[®] - Data Brochure

The Boiler Control 256 is designed to control a single stage heat source in order to provide outdoor reset. The control has a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) to view system status and operating information.

Additional functions include:

- Quick Setup for easy installation and programming of control
- User comfort adjustment to increase or decrease building space temperature
- · Advanced settings to fine-tune building requirements
- Test sequence to ensure proper boiler operation
- · Setback input for energy savings
- CSA C US certified (approved to applicable UL standards)



How To Use The Data Brochure

This brochure is organized into four main sections. They are: 1) Sequence of Operation, 2) Installation, 3) Control Settings, and 4) Troubleshooting. The Sequence of Operation section has three sub-sections. We recommend reading Section A: General Operation of the Sequence of Operation, as this contains important information on the overall operation of the control. Then read the sub-sections that apply to your installation. For quick installation and setup of the control, refer to the Installation section, DIP Switch Setting section, followed by the Quick Setup section.

The *Control Settings* section (starting at *DIP Switch Setting*) of this brochure, describes the various items that are adjusted and displayed by the control. The control functions of each adjustable item are described in the *Sequence of Operation*.

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Reference Material: Essay E 003 "Characterized Heating Curve and Reset Ratio"

User Interface

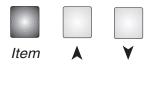
The 256 uses a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) as the method of supplying information. You use the LCD in order to set up and monitor the operation of your system. The 256 has three push buttons (*Item*, \land , \checkmark) for selecting, viewing, and adjusting settings. As you program your control, record your settings in the ADJUST menu table which is found in the second half of this brochure.

Item -

The abbreviated name of the selected item will be displayed in the item field of the display. To view the next available item, press and release the *Item* button. Once you have reached the last available item, pressing and releasing the *Item* button will return the display to the first item.

Adjust -

To make an adjustment to a setting in the control, press and hold simultaneously for 1 second, the *Item*, \blacktriangle and \forall buttons. The display will then show the word ADJUST in the top right corner. Then select the desired item using the *Item* button. Finally, use the \blacktriangle and / or \forall button to make the adjustment.



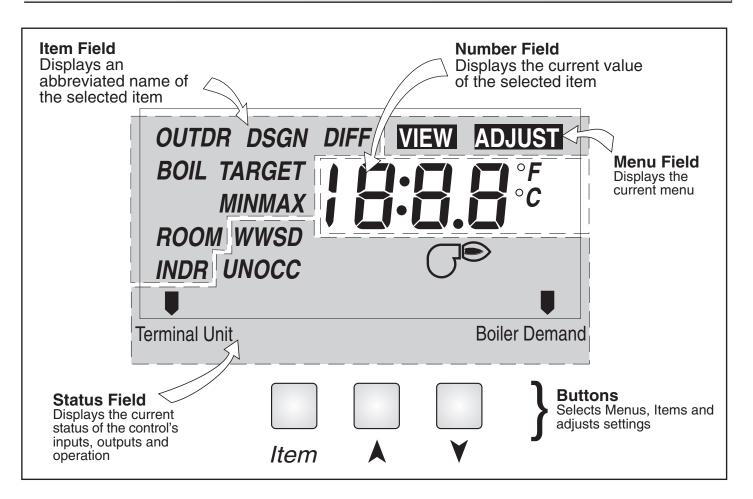


To exit the ADJUST menu, either select the ESC item and press the ▲ or ¥ button, or leave the adjustment buttons alone for 20 seconds.

When the *Item* button is pressed and held in the VIEW menu, the display scrolls through all the control adjust items in both access levels.

Additional information can be gained by observing the status field and pointers of the LCD. The status field will indicate which of the control's outputs are currently active. Most symbols in the status field are only visible when the VIEW menu is selected.

Display



Symbol Description

C=	Burner Displays when the boiler relay is turned on.	° F, ° C	° F, ° C Displays the unit of measure that all of the temperatures are to be displayed in the control.
осс	Occupied Schedule Displays when the control is in occupied (Day) mode.		Pointer Displays the control operation as indicated by the text.
UNOCC	Unoccupied Schedule Displays when the control is in unoccupied (Night) mode.		

Sequence of Operation

Section A General Operation Page 4



Section A —General Operation

POWERING UP THE CONTROL -

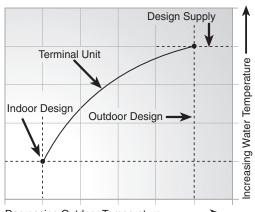
When the Boiler Control 256 is powered up, the control displays the control type number in the LCD for 2 seconds. Next, the software version is displayed for 2 seconds. Finally, the control enters into the normal operating mode, and the LCD defaults to displaying the current outdoor air temperature.

OPERATION -

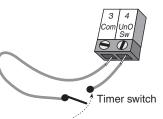
The 256 operates a single on / off heat source to control the supply water temperature to a hydronic system. The supply water temperature is based on the current outdoor air temperature and the *Characterized Heating Curve* settings.

SETBACK (UNOCCUPIED) -

To provide greater energy savings, the 256 has a setback capability. With setback, the supply water temperature in the system is reduced when the building is unoccupied. By reducing the supply water temperature, air temperature in the space may be reduced even when thermostat(s) are not turned down. Any time the *Com* (3) and the *UnO Sw* (4) terminals are shorted together, the control operates in the unoccupied (Night) mode. When in the unoccupied (Night) mode, the UNOCC segment is displayed in the LCD. The 256 adjusts the supply water temperature based on the UNOCC settings made in the control.



Decreasing Outdoor Temperature -



FACTORY DEFAULTS -

The control comes preset with several factory defaults. These defaults are based on the terminal unit selection (see section B2). To fine-tune building requirements, these defaults may be changed. If a factory default value for a terminal unit is changed, the terminal unit number will flash when selected in the ADJUST menu.

To reload the factory defaults listed in section B2, power down the control and wait for 10 seconds. Power up the control while simultaneously holding the *Item* and ¥ buttons. The terminal unit number should now be displayed constantly in the LCD rather than flashing.

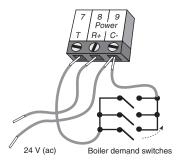
Section B: Boiler Reset



Section B1: General

BOILER DEMAND -

A boiler demand is required in order for the 256 to provide heat to the heating system. A boiler demand is generated by connecting terminal T(7) to terminal C-(9) through a switching device. Once the switching device closes, the *Boiler Demand* pointer is displayed in the LCD. The 256 calculates a BOIL TARGET supply temperature based on the outdoor air temperature and settings.



BOILER OPERATION =

When the 256 determines that boiler operation is required, the *Boiler* contact terminals (5 and 6) close. While the *Boiler* contact is closed, the burner segment in the LCD is displayed.

CHARACTERIZED HEATING CURVE =

The 256 varies the supply water temperature based on the outdoor air temperature. The control takes into account the type of terminal unit that the system is using. Since different types of terminal units transfer heat to a space using different proportions of radiation, convection and conduction, the supply water temperature must be controlled differently. Once the control is told what type of terminal unit is used, the control varies the supply water temperature according to the type of terminal unit. This improves the control of the air temperature in the building.

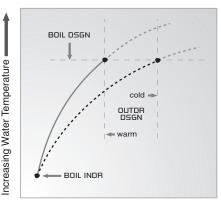
BOILER TARGET TEMPERATURE (BOIL TARGET) =

The BOIL TARGET temperature is determined from the *Characterized Heating Curve* settings and the outdoor air temperature. The control displays the temperature that it is currently trying to maintain as the boiler supply temperature. If the control does not presently have a requirement for heat, it does not show a boiler target temperature. Instead, "- - -" is displayed in the LCD. At no time does the control operate the boiler above 248°F (120°C).

Section B2: Installer

OUTDOOR DESIGN (OUTDR DSGN) =

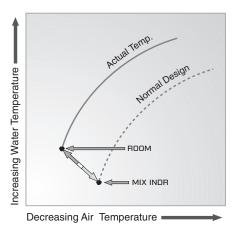
The OUTDR DSGN is the outdoor air temperature that is the typical coldest temperature of the year where the building is located. This temperature is used when doing the heat loss calculations for the building. If a cold outdoor design temperature is selected, the boiler supply temperature rises gradually as the outdoor temperature drops. If a warm outdoor design temperature is selected, the boiler supply temperature rises rapidly as the outdoor temperature drops.



Decreasing Outdoor Temperature

ROOM OCC & UNOCC (ROOM) -

The ROOM is the desired room temperature for the boiler zones, and it provides a parallel shift of the *Characterized Heating Curve*. The room temperature desired by the occupants is often different from the design indoor temperature (BOIL INDR). If the room temperature is not correct, adjusting the ROOM setting increases or decreases the amount of heat available to the building. A ROOM setting is available for both the occupied (Day) and unoccupied (Night) modes.



TERMINAL UNITS

When using a *Characterized Heating Curve*, the control requires the selection of a terminal unit. The terminal unit determines the shape of the *Characterized Heating Curve* according to how the terminal unit delivers heat into the building space (refer to Essay E 003). The 256 provides for selection between six different terminal unit types: two types of radiant floor heat, fancoil, fin-tube convector, radiator and baseboard. When a terminal unit is selected, the control automatically loads the design supply temperature (BOIL DSGN) and minimum supply temperature (BOIL MIN). The factory defaults are listed below. To change defaults, refer to section B3. If a default has been changed, refer to section A to reload the factory defaults.

Terminal Unit	High Mass Radiant	Low Mass Radiant	Fancoil	Fin-tube Convector	Radiator	Baseboard
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
BOIL DSGN	120°F (49°C)	140°F (60°C)	<u>190°F (88°C)</u>	180°F (82°C)	<u>160°F (71°C)</u>	150°F (66°C)
BOIL MIN	OFF	OFF	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)

High Mass Radiant (1) –

This type of a hydronic radiant floor is embedded in either a thick concrete or gypsum pour. This heating system has a large thermal mass and is slow acting. Default values: BOIL DSGN = $120^{\circ}F$ ($49^{\circ}C$), BOIL MIN = OFF

Low Mass Radiant (2) -

This type of radiant heating system is either attached to the bottom of a wood sub-floor, suspended in the joist space, or sandwiched between the sub-floor and the surface. This type of radiant system has a relatively low thermal mass and responds faster than a high mass system.

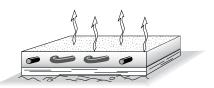
Default values: BOIL DSGN = 140°F (60°C), BOIL MIN = OFF

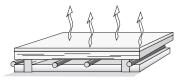
Fancoil (3) -

A fancoil terminal unit or air handling unit (AHU) consists of a hydronic heating coil and either a fan or blower. Air is forced across the coil at a constant velocity by the fan or blower, and is then delivered into the building space. Default values: BOIL DSGN = $190^{\circ}F$ ($88^{\circ}C$), BOIL MIN = $140^{\circ}F$ ($60^{\circ}C$)

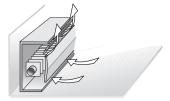
Fin-tube Convector (4) -

A convector terminal unit is made up of a heating element with fins on it. This type of terminal unit relies on the natural convection of air across the heating element to deliver heated air into the space. The amount of natural convection to the space is dependant on the supply water temperature to the heating element and the room air temperature. Default values: BOIL DSGN = $180^{\circ}F$ ($82^{\circ}C$), BOIL MIN = $140^{\circ}F$ ($60^{\circ}C$)









Radiator (5)

A radiator terminal unit has a large heated surface that is exposed to the room. A radiator provides heat to the room through radiant heat transfer and natural convection. Default values: BOIL DSGN = 160°F (71°C), BOIL MIN = 140°F (60°C)

Baseboard (6)

A baseboard terminal unit is similar to a radiator, but has a low profile and is installed at the base of the wall. The proportion of heat transferred by radiation from a baseboard is greater than that from a fin-tube convector. Default values: BOIL DSGN = 150°F (66°C), BOIL MIN = 140°F (60°C)

Section B3: Advanced

BOILER INDOOR (BOIL INDR) =

The BOIL INDR is the room temperature used in the original heat loss calculations for the building. This setting establishes the beginning of the Characterized Heating Curve for the boiler zones.

BOILER DESIGN (BOIL DSGN) -

The BOIL DSGN temperature is the supply water temperature required to heat the boiler zones when the outdoor air temperature is as cold as the OUTDR DSGN setting.

BOILER MAXIMUM =

The boiler maximum is the highest water temperature that the control is allowed to calculate as the BOIL TARGET temperature. The boiler maximum is the BOIL DSGN plus 10°F (5°C), but limited to 225°F (107°C). If the control does target the boiler maximum, and the BOIL temperature is near the boiler maximum temperature, the MAX segment will be displayed in the LCD while either the BOIL TARGET temperature or the BOIL temperature is being viewed. At no time does the control operate the boiler above 248°F (120°C).

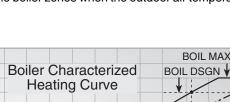
BOILER MINIMUM (BOIL MIN) -

The BOIL MIN is the lowest water temperature that the control is allowed to use as the BOIL TARGET temperature. During mild conditions, if the 256 calculates a BOIL TARGET temperature that is below the BOIL MIN setting, the BOIL TARGET temperature is adjusted to at least the BOIL MIN setting. During this condition, if the boiler is operating, the MIN segment turns on in the LCD while the BOIL TARGET or BOIL temperature is being viewed. If the installed boiler is designed for low temperature operation, set the BOIL MIN adjustment to OFF.



Ó

(-18)



BOIL MIN

60

(16)

BOIL INDR

80°F

(27°C)



210°F (99°C)

190 (88)

170 (77) g

150 (66)

130 (54)

110

(43)

90

(32)

70 (21)

50

-20(10)

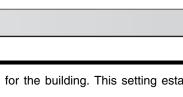
(-29)

Supply Water

BOIL MAX







OUTDR DSGN

-WWSD UNOCC

ROOM UNOCC

20

(-7)

WWSD OCC

ROOM OCC

40

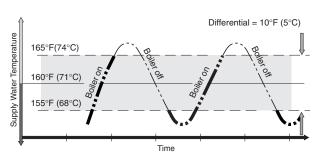
(5)

BOILER DIFFERENTIAL (BOIL DIFF) =

An on / off heat source such as a boiler, must be operated with a differential in order to prevent short cycling. With the 256, either a fixed or an auto differential may be selected.

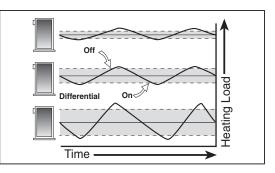
Fixed Differential -

The boiler differential is divided around the BOIL TARGET temperature. The contact will close when the supply water temperature is 1/2 of the differential setting below the BOIL TARGET temperature, and will open when the supply water temperature is 1/2 of the differential setting above the BOIL TARGET temperature.





If the Auto Differential is selected, the 256 automatically determines the best differential as the load changes. This setting is recommended as it reduces potential short cycling during light loads.



WARM WEATHER SHUT DOWN (WWSD) OCC & UNOCC =

When the outdoor air temperature rises above the WWSD setting, the 256 turns on the WWSD segment in the display. When the control is in Warm Weather Shut Down, the *Boiler Demand* pointer is displayed, if there is a demand. However, the control does not operate the heating system to satisfy this demand.

Installation

CAUTION

Improper installation and operation of this control could result in damage to the equipment and possibly even personal injury. It is your responsibility to ensure that this control is safely installed according to all applicable codes and standards. This electronic control is not intended for use as a primary limit control. Other controls that are intended and certified as safety limits must be placed into the control circuit.

STEP ONE ——— GETTING READY -

Check the contents of this package. If any of the contents listed are missing or damaged, please contact your wholesaler or tekmar sales representative for assistance.

Type 256 includes: One Boiler Control 256, One Outdoor Sensor 070, One Universal Sensor 071, Data Brochures D 256, D 070, D 001, Application Brochure A 256.

Note: Carefully read the details of the Sequence of Operation to ensure that you have chosen the proper control for your application.

STEP TWO — MOUNTING -

The control is mounted in accordance with the instructions in the Data Brochure D 001.

STEP THREE ------ ROUGH-IN WIRING -

All electrical wiring terminates in the two wiring chambers on the control. If the control is to be mounted on an electrical box, the wiring can be roughed-in at the electrical box prior to installation of the control (see Brochure D 001).

Power must not be applied to any of the wires during the rough-in wiring stage.

- Install the Outdoor Sensor 070 and Boiler Sensor 071 according to the instructions in the Data Brochure D 070, and run the wiring back to the control.
- Run wire from the boiler to the control.
- Run wires from the 24 V (ac) power to the control. Use a clean power source to ensure proper operation.

STEP FOUR ———— TESTING THE WIRING —

No wires should be connected to the control during the testing.

The following tests are to be performed using standard testing practices and procedures, and should only be carried out by properly trained and experienced persons.

A good quality electrical test meter, capable of reading from at least 0 - 300 V (ac) and at least 0 - 2,000,000 Ohms, is essential to properly test the wiring and sensors.

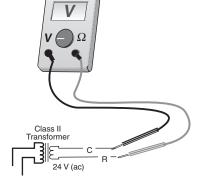
Test The Sensors -

Ensure the sensor wires are not connected to the control terminals before testing. In order to test the sensors, the actual temperature at each sensor location must be measured. A good quality digital thermometer with a surface temperature probe is recommended for ease of use and accuracy. Where a digital thermometer is not available, a spare sensor can be strapped alongside the one to be tested, and the readings compared. Test the sensors according to the instructions in the Data Brochure D 070.



Test The Power Supply -

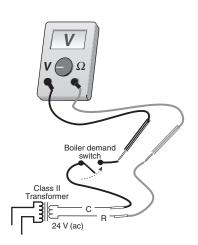
Make sure exposed wires and bare terminals are not in contact with other wires or grounded surfaces. Turn on the power and measure the voltage across the 24 V (ac) power supply with an AC voltmeter. The reading should be between 22 and 26 V (ac).



Test The Powered Inputs -

Boiler Demand

Measure the voltage between the boiler demand wire and the power wire that goes to R+ of the control. The voltmeter should read between 22 and 26 V (ac) when the boiler demand device calls for heat.



Test The Outputs -

Boiler

Make sure power to the boiler circuit is off and short the boiler wires. When the boiler circuit is powered up, the boiler should fire. If the boiler does not turn on, refer to any installation or troubleshooting information supplied with the boiler. (The boiler may have a flow switch that prevents firing until the boiler loop pump is running). If the boiler operates properly, remove power from the boiler circuit.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS TO THE CONTROL STEP FIVE

The installer should test to confirm that no voltage is present at any of the wires.

Powered Input Connections –

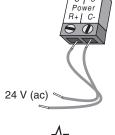
24 V (ac) Power

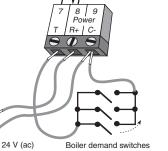
Boiler Demand

a switching device.

Connect the 24 V (ac) power supply to the Power R+ and Power C- terminals (8 and 9). This connection provides power to the microprocessor and display of the control.

To generate a boiler demand, terminal T(7) must be connected to terminal C-(9) through





Output Connections

Boiler Contact

The Boiler terminals (5 and 6) are an isolated output in the 256. There is no power available on these terminals from the control. These terminals are to be used as a switch to either make or break the boiler circuit. When the 256 requires the boiler to fire, it closes the contact between terminals 5 and 6.

Sensor and Unpowered Input Connections

Do not apply power to these terminals as this will damage the control.

Outdoor Sensor

Connect the two wires from the Outdoor Sensor 070 to the Out and Com terminals (2 and 3). The outdoor sensor is used by the 256 to measure the outdoor air temperature.

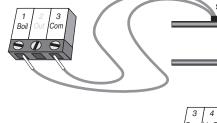
Boiler Sensor

Connect the two wires from the Boiler Sensor 071 to the Boil and Com terminals (1 and 3). The boiler sensor is used by the 256 to measure the supply (outlet) water temperature from the boiler.



Unoccupied Switch

If an external timer (tekmar Timer 031) or switch is used, connect the two wires from the external switch to the Com and UnO Sw terminals (3 and 4). When these two terminals are shorted together, the control registers an unoccupied signal.



 (\mathbf{T}) (\mathbf{T})



DIP Switch Setting

ADVANCED / INSTALLER -

The Advanced / Installer DIP switch is used to select which items are available to be viewed and / or adjusted in the user interface.



Quick Setup

To enter the Installer programming mode, set the Advanced / Installer DIP switch to Installer.

ROOM UNOCC setting.

Access the ADJUST menu by pressing and holding simultaneously for 1 second, the *Item*, ▲ and ¥ buttons. The display will now show the word ADJUST in the top right corner.



The ROOM OCC adjustment is the first item displayed. Use the ▲ or ¥ button to set the ROOM temperature. The ROOM OCC setting is set to the desired room air temperature during the occupied (Day) mode.

Note: To increase or decrease space temperature during the occupied (Day) mode, only adjust the ROOM OCC setting.



Press and release the *Item* button to advance to the ROOM UNOCC adjustment. Use the Å or ¥ button to set the desired temperature. The ROOM UNOCC setting is set to the desired room air temperature during the unoccupied (Night) mode.

Note: To increase or decrease space temperature during the unoccupied (Night) mode, only adjust the

OUTDR DSGN

Press and release the *Item* button to advance to the OUTDR DSGN adjustment. Use the ▲ or ¥ button to set the outdoor design temperature. The OUTDR DSGN setting is set to the typical coldest temperature of the year.



Press and release the *Item* button to advance to the *Terminal Unit* adjustment. Use the A or ¥ button to select the desired terminal unit. The terminal unit number corresponds to the type of terminal that is being used. The table below lists the terminal units and their default values.

	Terminal Unit	High Mass Radiant (1)	Low Mass Radiant (2)	Fancoil (3)	Fin-tube Convector (4)	Radiator (5)	Baseboard (6)
ſ	BOIL DSGN	120°F (49°C)	140°F (60°C)	190°F (88°C)	180°F (82°C)	160°F (71°C)	150°F (66°C)
	BOIL MIN	OFF	OFF	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)	140°F (60°C)



Press and release the *Item* button to advance to the units adjustment. Use the \blacktriangle or \forall button to set the scale to °F or °C.



To exit the ADJUST menu, press and release the *Item* button to advance to the ESC item. Then either press the \blacktriangle or \forall button, or leave the buttons alone for 20 seconds.

Display		/0	pection	nstaller P	Description	Range
OUTDR OCC			•	•	Current outdoor air temperature as measured by the outdoor sensor. This is also the default display for the control.	-67 to 149°F (-55 to 65°C)
BOIL	^{₩₩} ¦Ч5 [°]	В3	•	•	Current boiler supply water temperature as measured by the boiler sensor.	14 to 266°F (-10 to 130°C)
BOIL TARGET	™=₩ 160° ⁻	B1 B3	•	•	Target boiler supply is the temperature the control is currently trying to maintain at the boiler sensor.	, 14 to 266°F (, -10 to 130°C)

Adjust Menu (1 of 2)

Display	/ ¢	iection	nstaller P	Description	Range	Actual Setting
	B2	•	•	The desired room air temperature during an occupied (Day) period.	35 to 100F (2 to 38°C)	
ROOM UNOCC	B2	•	•	The desired room air temperature during an unoccupied (Night) period.	35 to 100°F (2 to 38°C)	
	B2	•	•	The design outdoor air temperature used in the heat loss calculation for the heating system.	-60 to 32°F (-51 to 0°C)	
Terminal Unit	B2	•	•	The type of terminal units that are being used in the heating system.	1 (High Mass Radi- ant), 2 (Low Mass Radiant), 3 (Fancoil), 4 (Fin-tube Convec- tor), 5 (Radiator), 6 (Baseboard)	
BOIL	В3		•	The design indoor air temperature used in the heat loss calculation for the heating system.	35 to 100°F (2 to 38°C)	
	В3		•	The design supply water temperature used in the heat loss calculation for the heating system.	70 to 220°F (21 to 109°C)	

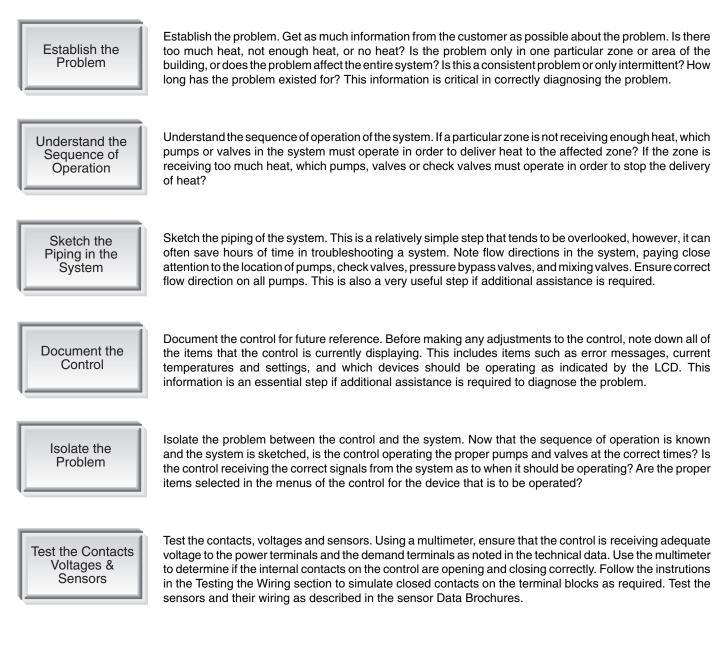
Display	4	bection	nstaller P	Description	Range	Actual Setting
	B3		•	The minimum temperature allowed for the boiler target temperature.	OFF, 80 to 180°F (OFF, 27 to 82°C)	
	B3			The differential that the control is to use when it is operating the boiler.	Ad, 2 to 42°F (Ad, -17 to 6°C)	
ADJUST T C *F WWSD OCC	B3			The system's warm weather shut down during the occupied (Day) period.	35 to 100°F, OFF (2 to 38°F, OFF)	
WWSD UNOCC	B3		•	The system's warm weather shut down during the unoccupied (Night) period.	35 to 100°F, OFF (2 to 38°C, OFF)	
<u>ADJUST</u> °F		•	•	The units of measure that all of the temperatures are to be displayed in the control.	°F, °C	
		•	•	This item exits the ADJUST menu by pressing either the ▲ or ¥ button.		

Testing the Control

The Boiler Control 256 has a built-in test routine which is used to test the boiler function. The 256 continually monitors the sensors, and displays an error message whenever a fault is found. See the following pages for a list of the 256's error messages and possible causes. When the \blacktriangle button is pressed, the *Boiler* relay closes and the control displays the burner segment. Once the \bigstar button is released, the *Boiler* relay returns to normal operation.

Troubleshooting

When troubleshooting any heating system, it is always a good idea to establish a set routine to follow. By following a consistent routine, many hours of potential headaches can be avoided. Below is an example of a sequence that can be used when diagnosing or troubleshooting problems in a hydronic heating system.



The control was unable to read a piece of information from its EEPROM. This error can be caused by a noisy power source. The control will load the factory defaults and stop operation until all the settings are verified.

The control is no longer able to read the outdoor sensor due to a short circuit. In this case, the control assumes an outdoor temperature of $32^{\circ}F(0^{\circ}C)$ and continues operation. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. To clear the error message from the control after the sensor has been repaired, press the *Item* button.

The control is no longer able to read the outdoor sensor due to an open circuit. In this case the control assumes an outdoor temperature of $32^{\circ}F$ (0°C) and continues operation. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. To clear the error message from the control after the sensor has been repaired, press the *Item* button.

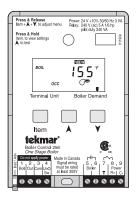
The control is no longer able to read the boiler sensor due to a short circuit. In this case, if the BOIL MIN adjustment is set to OFF the control does not operate the *Boiler* contact. If the BOIL MIN adjustment is not set to OFF and a boiler demand is present, the *Boiler* contact will operate for up to 10 minutes of a 20 minute cycle. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. To clear the error message from the control after the sensor has been repaired, press the *Item* button.

The control is no longer able to read the boiler sensor due to an open circuit. In this case, if the BOIL MIN adjustment is set to OFF, the control does not operate the *Boiler* contact. If the BOIL MIN adjustment is not set to OFF, and a boiler demand is present, the *Boiler* contact will operate for up to 10 minutes of a 20 minute cycle. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Data Brochure D 070. To clear the error message from the control after the sensor has been repaired, press the *Item* button.

Notes

Boiler Control 256 One Stage Boiler

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Literature	— D 256, A 256's, D 001, D 070.
Control	 Microprocessor PID control; This is not a safety (limit) control.
Packaged weight	 — 1.3 lb. (580 g), Enclosure C, white PVC plastic
Dimensions	— 4-3/4" H x 2-7/8" W x 7/8" D (120 x 74 x 22 mm)
Approvals	 CSA C US, meets ICES & FCC regulations for EMI/RFI.
Ambient conditions	 Indoor use only, 32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C), < 90% RH non-
	condensing.
Power supply	— 24 V ±10% 50/60 Hz 3 VA
Relay	 — 240 V (ac) 5 A 1/6 hp, pilot duty 240 VA
Demand	— 24 V (ac) 2 VA
Sensors included	 NTC thermistor, 10 kΩ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) β=3892
	Outdoor Sensor 070 and Universal Sensor 071.
Optional devices	— tekmar type #: 031



The installer must ensure that this control and its wiring are isolated and/or shielded from strong sources of electromagnetic noise. Conversely, this Class B digital apparatus complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations. However, if this control does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which is determined by turning the control off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by reorienting or relocating the receiving antenna, relocating the receiver with respect to this control, and/or connecting the control to a different circuit from that to which the receiver is connected.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Caution The nonmetallic enclosure does not provide grounding between conduit connections. Use grounding type bushings and jumper wires.

Attention Un boîtier nonmétallique n'assure pas la continuité électrique des conduits. Utiliser des manchons ou des fils de accord spécialement conçus pour la mise à la terre.

Limited Warranty and Product Return Procedure

Limited Warranty The liability of tekmar Control Systems Ltd. and tekmar Control Systems, Inc. ("tekmar") under this warranty is limited. The purchaser, by taking receipt of the tekmar product ("product"), acknowledges receipt of the terms of the warranty and acknowledges that it has read and understands same.

tekmar warrants each tekmar product against defects in workmanship and materials, if the product is installed and used in compliance with tekmar's instructions. The warranty period is for a period of twenty-four (24) months from the production date if the product is not installed during that period, or twelve (12) months from the documented date of installation if installed within twenty-four (24) months from the production date.

The liability of tekmar under this warranty shall be limited to, at tekmar's sole discretion: the cost of parts and labor provided by tekmar to repair defects in materials and/or workmanship of the defective product; or to the exchange of the defective product for a replacement product; or to the granting of credit limited to the original cost of the defective product, and such repair, exchange or credit shall be the sole remedy available from tekmar, and, without limiting the foregoing in any way, tekmar is not responsible, in contract, tort or strict product liability, for any other losses, costs, expenses, inconveniences, or damages, whether direct, indirect, special, secondary, incidental or consequential, arising from ownership or use of the product, or from defects in workmanship or materials, including any liability for fundamental breach of contract.

This warranty applies only to those products returned to tekmar during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover the cost of the parts or labor to remove or transport the defective product, or to reinstall the repaired or

replacement product. Returned products that are not defective are not covered by this warranty.

This warranty does not apply if the product has been damaged by negligence by persons other than tekmar, accident, fire, Act of God, abuse or misuse; or has been damaged by modifications, alterations or attachments made subsequent to purchase which have not been authorized by tekmar; or if the product was not installed in compliance with tekmar's instructions and the local codes and ordinances; or if due to defective installation of the product; or if the product was not used in compliance with tekmar's instructions.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied, which the Governing Law (being the law of British Columbia) allows parties to contractually exclude, including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, durability or description of the product, its non-infringement of any relevant patents or trademarks, and its compliance with or non-violation of any applicable environmental, health or safety legislation; the term of any other warranty not hereby contractually excluded is limited such that it shall not extend beyond twenty-four (24) months from the production date, to the extent that such limitation is allowed by the Governing Law.

Product Return Procedure Products that are believed to have defects in workmanship or materials must be returned, together with a written description of the defect, to the tekmar representative for that territory. If the address of the representative is not known, please request it from tekmar at the telephone number listed below.

